

Youth views, conditions and prospects

ALGERIA

Mustapha Omrane

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Education and socialisation: **Family**

The centrality of family in socializing process

Social and economic support

Young people look for more emancipation

Education and socialisation: **School**

Percentages of young by schooling situation

	Boys	Girls	Total
Schooled Currently	36.3	43.3	39.5
Schooled in the past	62.1	53.3	58.0
Never schooled	1.7	3.5	2.5
Total	100	100	100

Education and socialisation:

School

- 31% of young follow or have followed in the past a particular courses: 36% (girls); 27% (boys)
- 17% are in middle school; 42% are in High school; 39% of young are in University level;

Education and socialisation: **Professional training**

Percentages of young schooled in the past and have followed professional training

Milieu of residence	Boys	Girls	Total
Urban	28.6	22.6	26.0
Rural	21.1	16.1	18.9
Total	25.4	19.8	23.0

Education and socialisation: **School**

- A sacred institution
 - Doesn't promote vocational training
 - Lack of competence of teachers
 - Poor content
 - Inadequate teaching methods
 - Private lessons (social inequality)
- School becoming a structure of social exclusion

Opportunities: Employment

Percentages of young by individual situation and sex

Individual situation	Boys	Girls	Total
Employed	37.8	15.5	27.4
Unemployed	17.9	8.3	13.4
Activity rate	55.7	23.8	40.8
unemployment rate	32.1	35.0	32.9
Student	30.8	39.6	34.9
Inactiv	13.4	36.6	24.3
Total	100	100	100

Opportunities: **Employment**

Population-employment Rate by milieu of residence and by sexe

	Boys	Girls	Total
Urban	33.7	17.6	26.1
Rural	44.4	12.0	29.5
Total	37.8	15.5	27.4

Opportunities: **Employment**

- 18.5% have a permanent contract
- 53.1% do not have contract
- 41.1% work in Commerce and Services
- 59.1% of young workers are not affiliated to Social Security
- 59% have accessed to work through social network
- 40% are not satisfied of their job

Opportunities: **Employment**

- Recruitment = nepotism, acquaintances, corruption
 - Marginalisation vis-à-vis the labour market
 - Economic reforms and boosting of independent work (ANSEJ, CNAC, ANGEM...)

Migration

- 25% of young people desire to migrate (31% among boys, 18% among girls)
- Migration desire is stronger among unemployed
- France is the first preferred destination
- Lack of job opportunities and bad life conditions
- 27% agree for illegal migration

Culture

- 57% have a smartphone
- 53% use internet: 62% for boys, 45% for girls
- Main activity: social medias

Culture

- 80% are single
- Choice for marriage: 31% by family, 30% by neighbors/friends
- 40% are not willing to be married (36% for boys and 46% for girls)
- Gender: girls and boys are in favor of equality in the family level. But boys do not agree for equality in access to job
- Religion is important in youth life

Civic and political participation

- 4% belong to political movement
 - No national or international institution has young's confidence
- Major country's problems:
 - Life conditions; economic situation; employment

Civic and political participation

- Participation to elections

Percentages of young people by frequency of participation in elections

Frequency	Boys	Girls	Total
Everytime	10.2	13.9	11.9
Often	6.9	8.1	7.5
Sometimes	14.3	10.1	12.3
Rarely	12.9	10.9	12.0
Never	55.5	56.5	56.0

Civic and political participation s

- Participation to elections
- 27,4% have voted **in last elections**
 - 60% are not interested;
 - 16% voting doesn't have effect;
 - 10% elections are not transparent.
- 94,7% consider that corruption is very present in the country

Political participation, culture and values

- Politics:
- Very critical about politics in all its forms
- Negative perception of politics and politicians
- Very low vote rate among young
- Means of claim= spontaneous and relatively violent (riots)
- Political practice= generation conflict
- Arab spring= failure and foreign interference

Political participation, culture and values

